



The NB slide bush is a linear motion mechanism utilizing the rotational motion of ball elements. Since linear motion is obtained using a simple mechanism, the slide bush can be used in a wide variety of applications, including transportation equipment, food processing equipment, and semiconductor equipment.

STRUCTURE AND ADVANTAGES

The NB slide bush consists of the outer cylinder and a ball retainer that guide the circulation of the ball elements, resulting in smooth linear motion.

Compact Mechanism:

The NB slide bush uses a round shaft for the guide, resulting in effective space utilization, which allows for compact designs.

A Wide Variety of Shapes and Installation Methods:

The NB slide bush is available in various shapes, which make it suitable for various types of installations : lightweight, standard, clearance adjustable, open, flange, and double-wide types.

Selection According to Environment:

Standard and anticorrosion NB slide bushes are available. Additionally, options available are both metallic retainers suitable for use in harsh environments and low acoustic, low-cost resin retainers.

GM type

Figure D-1 Basic Structure of NB Slide Bush (GM)

These options can be specified according to application need.

Compatibility:

The NB slide bush is fully compatible with a variety of shaft types.

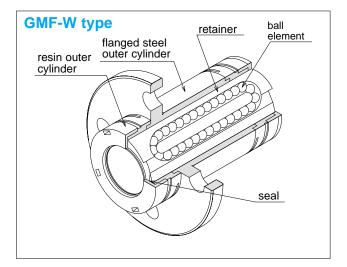
Low Friction:

The raceway surface is precision ground. Since the contact surface between the ball elements and the raceway surface is minimized, the NB slide bush provides low friction when compared to other linear motion mechanisms.

GM type series:

The GM Slide Bush makes efficient use of resin components making it possible to achieve an overall weight reduction of $30 \sim 50\%$ when compared with the SM Slide Bush.

The ball return section is configured completely in resin material, which provides for low noise operation.



retainer

ball element

SLIDE BUSH

SLIDE UNIT

STROKE BUSH

SLIDE SHAFT

SLIDE WAY SLIDE TABLE GONIO WAY

ACTUATOR

SLIDE SCREW

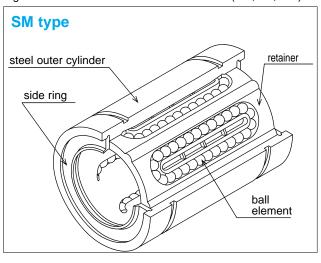
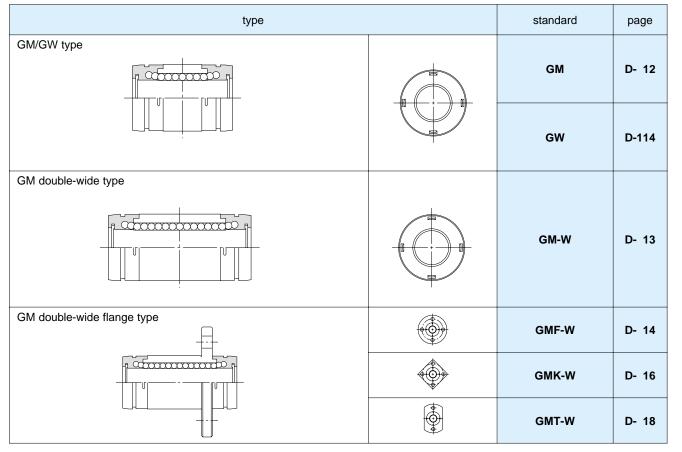


Figure D-2 Basic Structure of NB Slide Bush (SM, KB, SW)

TYPES

Table D-1 Types (1)



SMF type

side ring

steel outer cylinder



Table D-2 Types (2)

type		standard	anticorrosion	page
standard type		SM	SMS	D- 20
		КВ	KBS	D- 70
		SW	sws	D- 92
clearance-adjustable (AJ) type		SM-AJ	SMS-AJ	D- 22
		KB-AJ	KBS-AJ	D- 72
		SW-AJ	SWS-AJ	D- 94
open (OP) type		SM-OP	SMS-OP	D- 24
		KB-OP	KBS-OP	D- 74
		SW-OP	SWS-OP	D- 96
double-wide type		SM-W	SMS-W	D- 26
		KB-W	KBS-W	D- 76
		SW-W	SWS-W	D- 98
flange type		SMF	SMSF	D- 28
£-1		KBF SWF	KBSF SWSF	D- 78 D-100
		SMK	SMSK	D-100 D- 30
		KBK	KBSK	D- 80
		SWK	SWSK	D-102
		SMT	SMST	D- 32
		KBT	KBST	D- 82
		SWT	SWST	D-104
flange type with pilot end		SMF-E	SMSF-E	D- 34
		SMK-E	SMSK-E	D- 36
		SMT-E	SMST-E	D- 38

BALL SPLINE ROTARY BALL SPLINE

SLIDE WAY SLIDE TABLE GONIO WAY

Table D-3	Types	(3)
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type		standard	anticorrosion	page
double wide flange type		SMF-W	SMSF-W	D- 40
		KBF-W	KBSF-W	D- 84
		SWF-W	SWSF-W	D-106
		SMK-W	SMSK-W	D- 42
		KBK-W	KBSK-W	D- 42 D- 86
		SWK-W	SWSK-W	D-108
		3WK-W	30031-00	D-108
	-	SWT-W	SWST-W	D- 44
center mount flange type		SMFC	SMSFC	D- 46
		KBFC	KBSFC	D- 88
£		SWFC	SWSFC	D-110
		SMKC	SMSKC	D- 48
		KBKC	KBSKC	D- 90
		SWKC	SWSKC	D-112
	+	SWAG	SWSRC	D-112
	-	SMTC	SMSTC	D- 50
double-wide pilot end flange type		SMF-W-E	SMSF-W-E	D- 52
_£				
		SMK-W-E	SMSK-W-E	D- 54
		SMT-W-E	SMST-W-E	D- 56
triple wide flange type		TRF	-	D- 58
		TRK	_	D- 60
triple-wide intermediate position flange type option		TRFC	_	D- 62
		TRKC	_	D- 64
triple-wide pilot end flange type option		TRF-E	_	D- 66
		TRK-E	-	D- 68



SPECIFICATIONS

Dimensional Series:

The NB slide bush is available in three primary dimensional series, each with different dimensions and tolerances depending on the location of use. Select the series most appropriate for your location.

Allowable Load:

NB slide bushes are categorized into three functonal types depending on the number and location of retainers: single, double, and triple. The single type uses only one retainer, so when a moment load is to be applied, the double or triple type should be used.

Material:

The standard NB slide bush uses a bearing steel outer cylinder. The anti-corrosion NB slide bush uses Martensitic stainless steel. Single-body steel (stainless steel for the anticorrosion type) retainers and resin retainers for low acoustic operation can be specified.

Seals:

The seals effectively retain the lubricant within the slide bush, extending the time between lubrications. The UU type has seals on both sides. The U type has a seal only on one side and is available for the standard, clearance adjustable, and open types. Nitril rubber, which has low wear and good sealing characteristics, is used as the seal material. ** Resin seals are used for GM type.

Table D-4 Dimensional Series and Use Location

series		location			
		Japan	Asia	Europe	North America
	GM			\cap	\bigcirc
mm dimension	SM		0		
	KB	0	0	0	0
inch dimension	SW	0	0	0	0

© generally used ○ rarely used

Table D-5 Comparison of Allowable Loads

type	basic dynamic load rating	basic static load rating	allowable static moment
single	1	1	1
GM-W	1.6	2	4 approx.
double	1.6	2	6 approx.
triple	1.6	2	21 approx.

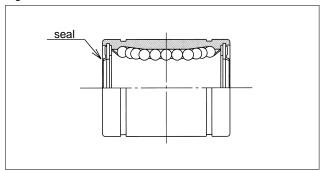
% The single type is designated as "1" for comparison purposes.

Table D-6 Operating Environment Temperature

material		temperature range	
outer cylinder retainer			
ataal	steel	−20°C ~110°C	
steel	resin	$-20^{\circ}\mathrm{C} \sim 80^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$	
stainless	steel	−20°C ~140°C*	
Stall 11855	resin	$-20^{\circ}\mathrm{C} \sim 80^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$	

 * When a slide bush with seals is used, the temperature should never exceed 120°C.

Figure D-2 Seal Profile



SLIDE SCREW

LIFE CALCULATION

Since ball elements are used as the rolling element in the NB slide bush, Equation (6) is used to calculate the Travel life.

$$L = \left(\frac{f_{H} \cdot f_{T} \cdot f_{C}}{f_{W}} \cdot \frac{C}{P}\right)^{3} \cdot 50 \cdots (6)$$

L : travel life (Km) f_H : hardness coefficient fr : temperature coefficient fw : load coefficient C : basic dynamic load rating P : load (N)

*Refer to page Eng. 5 for the coefficient.

If the stroke distance and number of strokes per unit time are constant, the life is calculated using Equation (9).

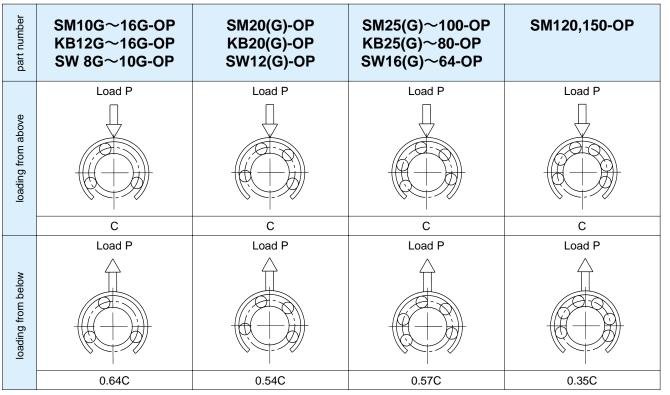
Lh=
$$\frac{L \cdot 10^3}{2 \cdot \ell \, \text{s} \cdot \text{n}_1 \cdot 60}$$
(9)

 $\begin{array}{l} Lh: travel \ life \ in \ time \ (h) \quad \ell \ s: stroke \ distance \ (mm) \\ L: travel \ life \ (Km) \quad n_1: stroke \ frequency \ per \ min \ (cpm) \end{array}$

LOAD RATING FOR OPEN TYPE SLIDE BUSH

In the open type slide bush, an opening is provided to allow the shaft to be supported from underneath. When a load is constantly applied in the direction of the opening (for example, when used with a vertical shaft or when an overhang loading is applied), the rated load decreases due to the reduction in the number of rows of ball elements that are loaded. Therefore, the load rating must be calibrated at the time of design based on the direction of the loading.

Table D-7 Direction of Load and Basic Static Load Rating



※ Excludes SM12G-OP and all 3-row steel retainer open types.

MOUNTING

Examples of Mounting methods are shown in Figures D-3 \sim D-6. Figure D-3 Standard Type

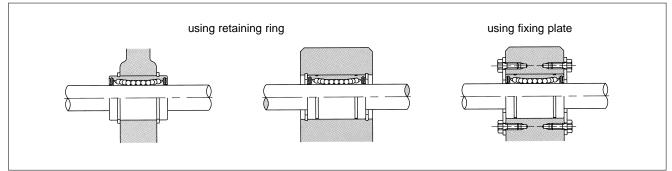


Figure D-4 Clearance Adjustable Type

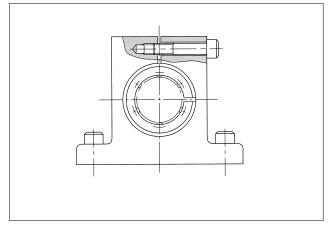


Figure D-5 Open Type

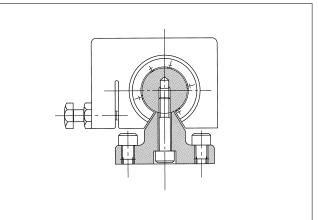
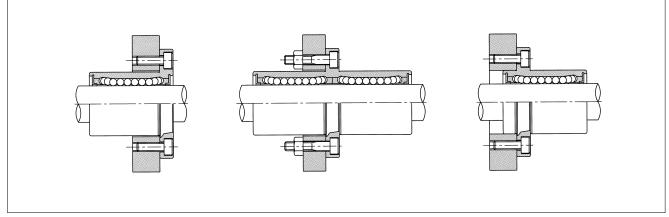
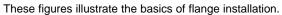


Figure D-6 Flange Type





SLIDE SCREW

Fit:

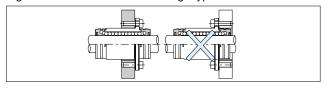
The normal clearances listed in Table D-8 are generally used for the NB slide bush. The transition fit is used to reduce clearance and increase accuracy. Matching the clearance as specified between bush and shaft is also possible.

The pre-load for the clearance adjustable and open type slide bush must be adjusted carefully so that excessive pre-load does not exceed limits, based on the radial clearances listed in the table.

The flange-type bush is generally inserted into an installation bore, which is slightly larger than the outer cylinder. However, if the outer cylinder is used as the pilot type, H7 tolerance is recommended.

The recommended clearances for the flange type are listed in Table D-9.

The GM Flange type slide bush is properly installed as illustrated in Figure D-8. The resin external body of the GM Flange should not be used as a pilot type. Figure D-8 Installation of GM Flange type



Notes on Installation:

When inserting a slide bush into a housing, carefully insert it by using a jig to apply a uniform pushing force at the end of the outer cylinder, as illustrated in Figure D-7. Motion performance may be diminished if an excessive force is applied to the resin portion of the outer cylinder, the side-ring, or the seal.

Ensure that all burrs are removed from the shaft and carefully insert the bush by aligning it with the center of the bore. The ball elements may drop out if excessive force is used during insertion.

When two or more shafts are used, the parallelism of the shafts will greatly affect the motion characteristics and life of the slide bush. The parallelism should be adjusted by moving the slide bush back and forth the

Table D-8 Normal Clearances

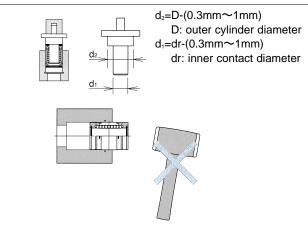
accuracy		shaft		housing	
series	grade	clearance fit	transition fit	clearance fit	transition fit
GM	high	g6	h6	H7	_
GM-W	high	g6	—	H7	—
SM	high	g6	h6	H7	J7
SIVI	precision (P)	g5	h5	H6	J6
SM-W	high	g6	—	H7	—
KB	high	h6	j6	H7	J7
KB-W	high	h6	—	H7	—
SW	high	g6	h6	H7	J7
300	precision (P)	g5	h5	H6	J6
SW-W	high	g6	_	H7	_

Table D-9 Recommended Fit for Flange Type Bush

oorioo	shaft		
series	clearance fit	transition fit	
GMF-W	g6	—	
SMF	g6	h6	
SMF-W	g6	—	
TRF	g6	_	
KBF	h6	j6	
KBF-W	h6	—	
SWF	g6	h6	
SWF-W	g6 —		

length of stroke to check for freedom of movement before final fixing of shaft.

Figure D-7 Insertion of Slide Bush





LUBRICATION

For a slide bush to continue operating accurately and have a long life, it must be lubricated on a regular basis. Anti-rust oil is applied to NB slide bush prior to shipment. When slide bushes are delivered, they should be cleaned with kerosene and dried, then a lubricant should be applied before usage.

Grease Lubricant:

Grease should be applied to the internal components of the slide bush. Grease should be periodically reapplied depending on the operating conditions. Reapplication may be done by adding the grease directly to the internal components or by using a mechanism similar to that as shown in Figure D-8. Lithium soap grease is recommended.

A special low dust generating grease for use in clean rooms is also available. Contact NB for further details.

Oil Lubricant:

Oil can be applied directly to the shaft or by using a mechanism similar to that shown in Figure D-8. Turbine oil (ISO standard VG32-68) is recommended for highspeed applications.

Lubrication oil holes can be fabricated (see Figure D-9) in the center portion of the outer cylinder to simplify oil application. Contact NB for further details.

Dust Prevention

If foreign particles such as dust or grinding chips are introduced into the slide bush, they will disrupt the smooth circulation of the ball elements. The NB slide bush is available with seals as an option. Bellows or protective covers should be used under harsh environmental operating conditions. Figure D-8 Example of Mechanism for Applying Lubrication

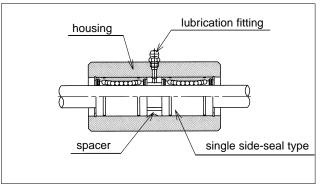


Figure D-9 Oil Hole (Custom Specification)

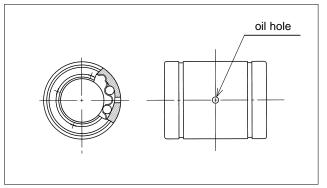
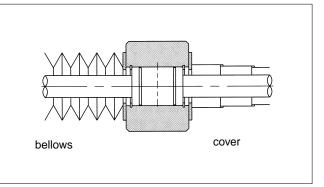


Figure D-10 Example of Dust Prevention



SLIDE SCREW

applicable slide bush SM 6/GM 6 SM 8/GM 8 SM10/GM10

SM 60

SM 80

SM100

10 19 3 SM12/GM12 12 21 3 13 23 3 SM13/GM13 SM16/GM16 16 28 4 20 32 4 SM20/GM20 SM25/GM25 25 40 5 30 45 5 SM30/GM30 35 52 5 SM 35 40 60 5 SM 40 50 80 10 SM 50

major dimensions(mm)

D

12

15

В

2

2

10

10

10

FELT SEAL

Felt Seal Installation:

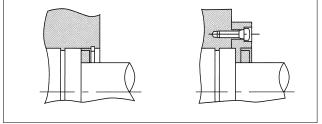
The felt seal should be installed as shown in Figure D-14.

90

120

150

Figure D-14 Example of Felt Seal Installation



The NB slide bush is a precision device and therefore
should always be handled with care. The slide bush
is not designed for rotational motion. WhenA felt seal may be used when lubrication is used with
the NB slide bush. This felt seal improves the effect of
the lubrication and increases the period between

reapplications.

part number

FLM 6

FLM 8

FLM 10

FLM 12

FLM 13

FLM 16

FLM 20

FLM 25

FLM 30

FLM 35

FLM 40

FLM 50

FLM 60

FLM 80

FLM100

Figure D-13 Felt Seal

d

B

d

6

8

60

80

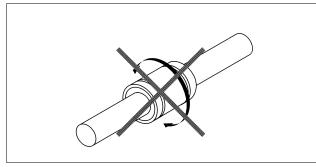
100

D

applications require both rotational motion. When applications require both rotating and linear motions, a stroke bush (page F-2), slide rotary bush (page F-8), or rotary ball spline (page B-32) should be considered.

NOTES ON HANDLING

Figure D-11 Direction of Motion



OTHER NOTES

Flange Type Slide Bush with Surface-Treatment The following standard surface treatments are available:

SK	electroless nickel plating
RD	Raydent treatment
SB	black oxide (excludes anti-corrosion specification)
SC	industrial chrome plating

Special Specifications

Contact NB for information for surface finish other than those listed above, oil hole (Figure D-9), or special mounting hole requirements for the flangetype bush.



